

ECVP/ESVP Summer School in Veterinary Pathology



Marie Curie Training Courses

Summer School 2006 – Toxicological Pathology 92-06866

9. K-3 (92-06866) Cat

Description

Many cortical tubules severely dilated and lined by attenuated epithelium

Many tubules contain fibrillar basophilic material as well as birefringent crystals

Some tubules have swollen epithelium and contain granular eosinophilic material.

Multifocal mild cortical interstitial fibrosis and mononuclear inflammatory cell infiltration

Medulla has multifocal amphophilic interstitial deposits (amyloid)

Medullary interstitial fibrosis

Papillary necrosis

Morphologic Diagnosis(es)

Severe diffuse chronic nephrosis with intralesional calcium oxalate crystals Severe locally extensive papillary necrosis

Possible cause for lesions

For the nephrosis – ethylene glycol (automotive antifreeze) For the papillary necrosis – NSAIDS, diabetes, arsenic, idiopathic

Additional information: renal biopsy from an Abyssinian cat

Also mild renal amyloidosis with Congo Red stain – mild glomerular and medullary interstitial deposits