

ECVP/ESVP Summer School in Veterinary Pathology



Marie Curie Training Courses

Summer School 2007 - Avian B3

B3. Chicken.

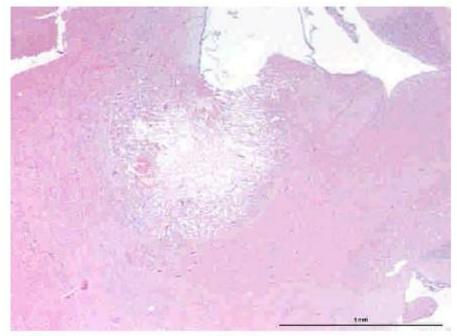
Organ? Morphologic diagnosis? Etiology?

B3. Chicken

021308



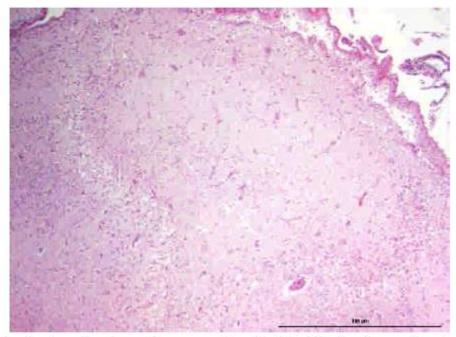
Organ? Keywords? Morphologic diagnosis? Etiology? **B3. Chicken** 021308



Brainstem (and cerebrum) (and cerebellum)

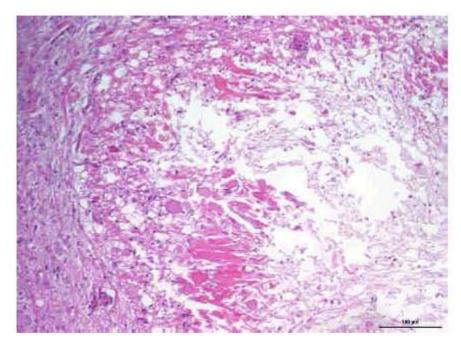
B3. Chicken

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In the brainstem (and cerebrum, not in all slides) is (are) one (two) well-demarcated, unencapsulated, 1-3 mm of diameter, **necrotic focus** (foci), in which ...

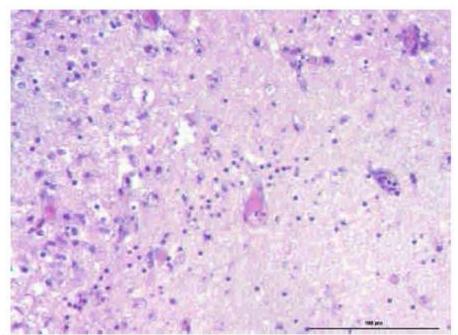
B3. Chicken



the neuropil is distended by coalescing empty spaces (**oedema**), neurones and glial cells are shrunken, hyperchromatic with pyknotic nucleus (**necrosis**)

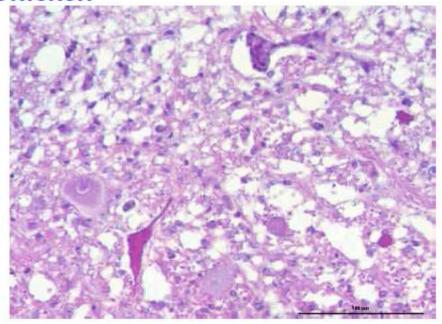
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capillary blood vessels are occluded by an amorphous eosinophilic material (fibrin) and red blood cells (hyaline thrombosis)
few red blood cells are extravasated (mild haemorrhage).

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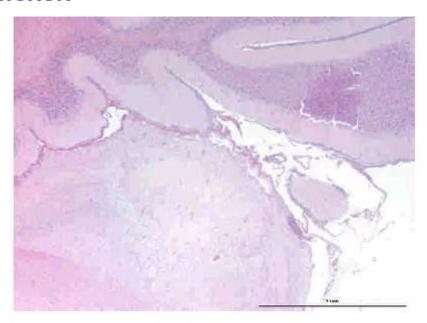


neurones are devoid of Nissl bodies (chromatolysis), there are microglial cells and lymphocytes within Virchow-Robin spaces of cerebral blood vessels (perivascular cuffing),

there is rarefaction of myelin sheaths (**demyelination**) and multifocal axonal dilatation (**spheroids**).

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Focal (bifocal) acute cerebral necrosis with oedema, demyelination and capillary hyaline thrombi.

Enterococcus hirae, or Enterococcus durans